

Aharonov-Bohm Effect

Consider 'covariant derivative' of vector v tangent to curved surface
 Parallel transport of v around closed loop rotates vector

$$D_\alpha v^\beta = \underbrace{(\partial_\alpha v^\beta + \Gamma_{\alpha\gamma}^\beta v^\gamma)}_{\text{Covariant Derivative}} = 0$$

- * Falling Cat: Closed loop in shape space leads to rotation
- * Swimming Bacteria (low Re): Closed loop in shape space leads to translation
- * Anyon: Transporting excitation of 2D electron gas in field (FQHE) around loop in space leads to fractional statistics
- * Blue Phase Frustration (HW): Following local low energy structure around loop leads to mismatch \rightarrow defect lattice formation

Today: What is the parallel transport of a phase around a closed loop C ?

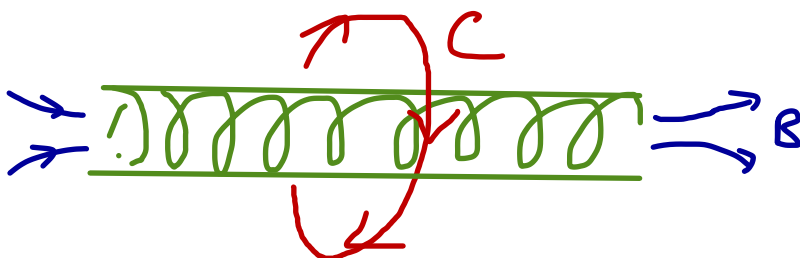
$$D_\alpha = \partial_\alpha - \frac{iq}{\hbar c} A_\alpha$$

$$(\partial_\alpha + i \frac{q}{\hbar c} A_\alpha) e^{i\psi(\vec{x})} = (\cancel{\partial_\alpha \psi} + \cancel{i \frac{q}{\hbar c} \vec{A}}) e^{i\psi} = 0$$

$$\int_C \nabla \psi \cdot d\ell = \frac{q}{\hbar c} \int_C \vec{A} \cdot d\ell \quad \begin{aligned} & \vec{B} = \text{curl} \vec{A} \\ & \text{so } \int_C \vec{A} \cdot d\ell = \int \text{curl} \vec{B} \cdot d\ell \\ & = \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \Phi_B \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{q}{\hbar c} \Phi_B \quad \text{flux enclosed}$$

Consider impenetrable solenoid, no B field outside



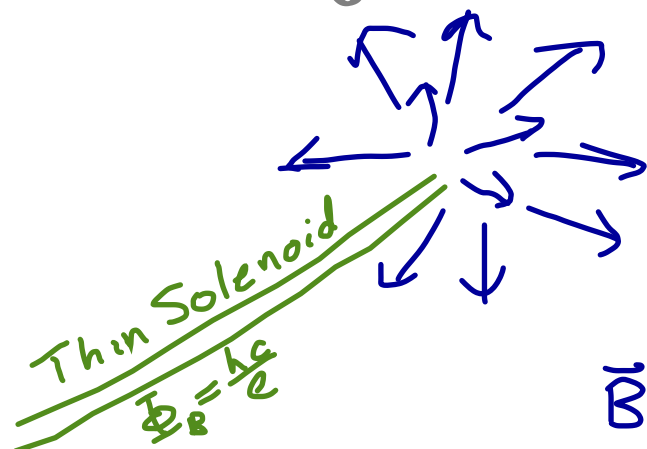
$$\text{If } \Phi_B = n \frac{hc}{q} = 2\pi n \frac{\hbar c}{q}$$

$$\Delta\psi = 2\pi n, \quad \underline{\text{no effect.}}$$

No surprise? $B=0$

If $\Phi_B \neq n \Phi_0 = n \frac{hc}{e}$, A field affects WFs outside, even though $B=0$!

Dirac Magnetic Monopole



$B \propto \hat{r}$ minimizes energy

$$\int \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{S} = \Phi_0$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{hc}{e} \frac{\hat{r}}{4\pi r^2} = \frac{hc}{2e} \frac{\hat{r}}{r^2} = g_m \frac{\hat{r}}{r^2}$$

just like Coulomb law $\vec{E} = \frac{e\hat{r}}{r^2}$,

Magnetic charge must satisfy $eg_m = \frac{hc}{2} n$, $\frac{g_m}{e} = \frac{hc n}{2e^2} = \frac{n}{2\alpha} \approx \frac{137}{2} n$
 $\frac{e^2}{hc} = \alpha \approx \frac{1}{137}$

If a magnetic monopole exists anywhere, it forces quantization of electric charge too.